## MATHEMATICS PROGRAM HANDBOOK


#### Abstract

This is the programme Handbook which inform the visitor of the website about the history of the programme, academic rules and regulations for studying at Majmaah University, programme study plan and courses' modules (courses' specifications)


## Academic Year 1436-1437



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Mathematics is one of the most important sciences that deals with the basic and applied aspects that contribute to the development and progression of the society through graduating qualified academic and professional students that contribute effectively in various fields of society development.
Mathematics programme is one of the main departments in the College of Education - Zulfi at Majmaah University since its establishment in 1421 H .
The programme established in 1413 H ; as a one of the scientific departments of the Intermediate College for Preparing Primary School Teachers / Girls Colleges Agency - as (Mathematics and Science department ).
When the programme included in College of Education; the study plan was changed to be compatible with the mission of the whole Educational Faculties in the Kingdom; then it aims to prepare qualified academic and professional students in various Educational sections.



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## Vision, Mission and Dlbjectives



Leadership in achieving excellent outcomes in mathematics and its applications and contribute in the enrichment of the knowledge society.

## Mission

Graduating pedagogical and scientific qualified efficiencies by intended excellent educational programs according to the National transformation program of 2030 Vision to satisfy the Society requirements.


## Objectives

1. Have the ability to understand and apply Mathematical information correctly.
2. The student contributes in the scientific and knowledge progress by the academic scientific researches.
3. Develop the curriculum continuously according to the Quality Standards.
4. The student use computer programs and languages to solve mathematical problems.
5. Prepare the student to participate in the scientific conferences, seminars, training courses and activate the small projects.

## Study System

## Study System Methodology:

## Bachelor:

Student in Faculty of Education spend four years / eight semesters. Study Plan courses are basic courses includes (University requirements, College requirements and programme requirements). Student must study 316 units/144 credit hours.

## Programme Entry Requirements:

- General Assimilation of the programme
- General cumulative grade point average of the student
- student Desires

Environment and society services:

- Teaching of mathematics and statistics courses at different colleges.
- Participation in research projects for Environment and society service.
- Participation in various internal and external committees of the college.
- Participation in cultural and scientific activities at the college and university.

Professional Opportunities for the graduates:

- Work in public and private education fields.
- Work as a Demonstrator in the department or in any mathematical department in the Kingdom.
- Work in research centers.



## Academic Definitions

Free courses (Elective):
Are courses studied by student according to her will and desires inside the college or outside the college but in the university. Student registrated it with the assistant of the academic supervisor.

The Study Year:
Two terms beside summer term, if needed.
The Term (Semester):
A period of time not less than fifteen weeks without registration and final exam period; during it study plan courses are studied.

## Summer Term:

A period of time not more than eight weeks, not including the registration and final exam period. The period(credit hours) for each course per week is doubled in it.

The Study grade:
It indicates the study level. It consists of eight grades or more to be a graduate according to the accredited study plan.

## The Study Course:

Study material for specific grade included in the study plan of each discipline( programme ).
Each course has a number(code), symbol, name and a detailed description of its vocabulary distinguishes it from the other courses according to the content and the grade.

Also every course has a special file maintained by the program in order to follow, evaluate and progress.
Some courses has one or more pre-courses and some has a co-current ones.

## The Study Unit:

The theoretical lecture during the week that not less than fifty minutes, or the clinical lesson which does not less than fifty minutes, or practical and training lesson not less than a hundred minutes.

Academic Warning:
Anotice given to the student because of her decreasing cumulative average from the minimum scale showed in the registration.

## Mid-term Mark:

The mark given for the activities to show the student achievement during the semester (tests, researches and educational activities) related to the study course.
The Final test:
A course test given once a time in the end of the term.

## The final test Mark:

The mark achieved by the student for each course in the final test of the term.

## The Final Degree:

The sum of Mid-term Mark and The Final test for each course. It is out of hundred.

## The Grade:

The percentage description or the alphabetical symbol for the final degree gained by the student in each course.

In completed Grade:
A temporarily grade for each course that the student is unable to complete its requirements in its certain time. It symbolized
 in her academic record as (L) or (IC).

Continuous Grade:
A temporarily grade for each course that its studying structure needs more than one term to be completed. It symbolized in her academic record as (M) or (IP).

## The Term Average:

The total points gained by the student divided by the total units of the whole courses studied in each term.

## Points:

The planned unit multiplied by the weight of the grade which achieved by the student in each course studied.

## Cumulative Average:

Total points of all courses studied from enrollment to graduation divided by the total units of these courses.

## Total Grade:

Describe the educational attainment level of the student during her period of study at the university.

## Minimum Level of the Study Load:

Minimum number of Study units ( credits units ) that should be recorded by the student and suitable with her cumulative average that determined by the University Council.

## Levels' System:

A studying system that the academic year is divided into two main terms. There may be a summer term, its period is half the period of the main term.

## Absence:

Student should attend regular lectures and practical lessons. She deny entering the final test if her absence average exceeds ( $25 \%$ ) out of the total lectures and
 practical lessons specified for each course during the term. Student who was denied entering the final test due to her absence is treated as failure in that course. It symbolized in her academic record as (H) or (DN).
Medical reports are considered within the absence rate of $25 \%$, except for specific inpatient hospitalization or the arrest in the security building.
Student who absence in the final test gained zero degree in that test, and calculated her grade in that course according to her midterm marks.
If the student was unable to attend the final test because of any critical excuse, the College council in extreme cases can accept her excuse and allow a substitution test given within a period not exceeding the end of the next term and give her grade after her substitution test.

Apologies From the Study:
Student may apologize from continuing the study of a term without treated her as a failure If she presents an acceptable excuse to the deanship of the college to which she belongs, at least before
three weeks from the beginning of the final test. Also she may withdraw by an excuse from a course or more in the term according to the implementing rules decided by the university council.

This case symbolized in her academic record as (P) or (DN).

This term is calculated with the period needed to finish the requirements of the graduation.
Excuse terms should not exceed two sequential terms or three non-sequential terms.
For students of colleges that apply academic year system it is not permissible to apologize for two consecutive years and the nonconsecutive apology years should not be exceeding two years whenever she is in the university, then she may dismissed and the deanship of Admissions and registration has an excursion about that.
Deanship of Admissions and registration can request for the acceptance of her appliation when she introduce for excuse of the term.


## Apologize, withdraw and dropont:

The student may withdraw from a course or more according to the following conditions:

1. The college dean acceptance.
2. Held a withdraw request from a course before the end of the apologize appointment of the term.
3. Record ( P ) for the student or for the course she apologized from.

* The student may request for study delay before the end of the first week of the study starting according to acceptable excuse from the dean of the college, the period of delay shall not exceed two consecutive terms or three non-consecutive terms as maximum during her being in the university and then dropout.
The university council if necessary give an exception and will not include it in the actual period of the graduation requirements.

4. If a regular student absents for four weeks from the beginning of the term without delay request she will dropout from the university.

Affiliates student are dropout from the university if she absents from all final tests of the term without an acceptable excuse.
5. The student will not treated as an absence one for the courses studied by the student as a visitor in another college.
6. The dropout student can be retain back by the same university number and file before discontinuous:

1. Present a request to retain back during four terms dropout appointment.
2. The college council and the relevant authorities Council accept to re-start the student.

If the period of the dropout is more than four terms the student can retain back and register as a new student, without retain back to her previous file with all applicable admission requirements . The University Council can excludes some points according to regulations issued by the regulation.
3. Student retain back is not executed more than once and the university council excludes if necessary
4. Student retain back cannot be if the student folded by academic dismiss.
5. Student retain back is not executed if it happened by educational or disciplinary reasons or that dismissed from another university by disciplinary reasons, and if after retain back they find out these reasons she will dropped out since the retain appointment.

## Dismiss from the umiversity:

First: the student dismissed from the university in the following cases:
If she get three sequential warnings according to her cumulative average less than near (2.11) and the College Council has the authority of giving a fourth chance to those who can raise their cumulative average by studying the available courses according to the following rules: 1. The reason of the academic stumbled is well known to the College council.
2. There is an improvement in student performance in the last two terms. This is calculated by the total points of the two term divided by registered units, at least it must be (2.00) out of (5.00) and summer term is not included.

Second: The College Council may give the dismissed students who finish the double period of the programme study a chance at least not exceeded than two terms according to the following rules:
1.The reason of the academic stumbled are acceptable by the college council.
2. The remaining courses for the students may take at least two terms
3. There is a clear improvement in her performance. This is calculated by the total points of the two term divided by registered units, at least it must be (2.00) out of (5.00) and summer term is not included, and the president of the university may excuse some cases in case the colleges counted out all cases and held them in their councils and inform the dean of registration and

## acceptance before a week from starting the term.

Third: The Academic Affairs Committee according to the recommendation of the dean of the college may give the students who dismissed by academic warnings a chance for not more than two terms.

Student grade for each course

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Degree out of 100 | Grade | Grade symbol | Grade weight <br> out of (5) <br> (grade) | Grade weight <br> out of (4) <br> (points) |
| $100-95$ | high Excellent | A+ | 5.00 | 4.00 |
| $90-95$ | Excellent | A | 4.75 | 3.75 |
| $85-90$ | high Very <br> good | B + | 4.50 | 3.50 |
| $80-85$ | very good | B | 4.00 | 3.00 |
| $75-80$ | High Good | C + | 3.50 | 2.52 |
| $70-75$ | good | C | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| $65-70$ | high Pass | D + | 2.52 | 1.50 |
| $60-65$ | Pass | D | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| to less than <br> 60 | Fall | F | 1.00 | 0 |

The total cumulative average grade for the student when she graduated is calculated according to her cumulative average as follows:

Excellent:
If the cumulative average is 4.50 out of 5.00 or 3.50 out of 4.00
Very good

If the cumulative average is (3.75-4.50) out of 5.00
Good
If the cumulative average is (2.75-3.75) out of 5.00

## Pass

If the cumulative average is (2.00-2.75) out of 5.00

## Honor degree:

The student can gained the honor degree as follows:

1. First degree from ( $4.75-5.00$ ) out of 5.00 or ( $3.75-4.00$ ) out of 4.00
2. Second degree from ( $4.25-4.75$ ) or ( $3.25-3.75$ )

First and second honor degree required:

1. Student did not fail in any course taught in the university or other university.
2. The student complete the graduation requirements in a maximum period between the min and max period of being in the college.
3.The student study at least $60 \%$ of the graduation requirements in the university from which she will graduate.

## Examinations :

1. No allowance to enter the final exam after half an hour from the beginning, and no allowance to exit from the examination hall before the half time from the beginning of the appointed exam time.
2. Cheating In the exam or attempted it and contrary of the instructions and rules of conducting the exam punished the student according to the student disciplinary issued from the university council.
3. The council of the college where the courses are studied can decided in necessary cases, and accept the re-check of the exam answering papers in a period not more than the beginning of the next term examination according to the following rules:
4. The student may submit a request for re-check her answering paper to the program which teaching the course.
5. The request held on to the college council in a period not more than one month from the end of the final examination period for the term she want the re-check of one of its
course paper.
6. There is a form includes the student's name, university code number, course number and symbol, section, code, term number, absence rate, cumulative average, warnings, teaching staff name, test date,justifications of re-check and a pledge from her for the trust of these information.

In case of the acceptance of re-check college council consult a committee of at least three teaching staff for re-check and held a report .The college council decides and that will be the final decision.

## Transier from a university to another university:

from the approval of the Dean of the college to which the student desires to transfer her request may accepted according to the following rules:

1. The student studied in a college or an accredited university and she has an academic record( with cumulative average ) for at least two terms.
2. The student was not dismissed from the university which transferred from because of disciplinary reasons.
3. The transfer rules specified by the College council is applicable in her case.
4. The number of studied credit units that are required from the student who transfer is not less than (61\%) in Majmaah University out of the total units required for the bachelor degree in the university.
5. The council of the college in which the course is studied qualified the courses passed by the student outside the university on the recommendation of the programmes that teach these courses, and demonstrated in her academic record, but it will not include in her cumulative average unless the course specification of both passed and qualified courses are the same.
6. If after the transfer the council find that the student dismissed because of disciplinary reasons she dropped out at the date of her transfer acceptance appointment.
7. After the approval of the dean of the college student may transfer from one specification to another inside the college if her cumulative average allow that.
8. Demonstrate in the academic record of the transferred student from one specification to another all the courses she had studied.

## Visiting student:

Visiting student is a student who study some courses in other university or at a branch of her university without transfer,
Her courses qualified according to the following rules:
First: A student at Majmaah University and would like to study as a visitor in another university:

1. A previous approval from the student college to allow her to study as a visiting student after determining courses to be studied, and the college can require particular average when qualifying a certain course, and send an official letter from the dean of Admission and Registration to the student.
2. The study must be in accredited college or university.
3. The course which she want to study outside the university must qualify -in specification - a course of the graduation requirements.
4. The maximum level of the credit units which accepted from outside the university must be ( $21 \%$ ) out of the total units of the graduation from Majmaah University.
5. Courses averages which qualified for the visitor student do not included in her cumulative average, but registered in her academic record
6. The visitor student must support Admission and Registration Deanship by her results during two weeks from the beginning of the sequential term and if she does not attend her result she treated as a dropped out student (not including summer term).
7. The monthly reward are paid for the visiting student by hand if she deserves if after providing the Deanship of Admission and Registration by her remarks.

## Second: Student from another university and wants to study as a visitor student in Majmaah University:

1. The student has academic record ( with cumulative average ) at least for one term from the university she has accepted in.
2-Gained previous written approval from her university to study as a visiting student in Majmaah University, and mentioned in the letter which courses she want to study.
2. The maximum terms that allows to the visiting student to be studied are two terms and the dean of Admissions and Regression may have exception from that.
3. The visiting student from another university doesn't have monthly reward from Majmaah University.
4. Record courses for the student from the deanship of Admission and Registration with regard to all rules of the courses' registration.

## Students rewards:

Monthly reward is paid for the students according to following rules:

1. The student average is not less than two(2).
2. Studying hours are not less than twelve hours (12).

Note: Deanship of the Admission and Registration is response about following-up and giving the rewards.

## General program Committees

The Supervisor Committee of the program:
Its roles are:

1. Supervise the implementation of the Action Plan Programme.
2. Select the advisor who assist in the rehabilitation of the programme according to the accreditation standards and in coordination of Quality and Development Committee.
3. Complete all academic accreditation requirements in the programme according to the National Commission for Adoption and Accreditation Standards (NCAAA).
4. Follow-up and coordination with the Development and Quality Committee in the college and held reports to it.
Evaluation and Accreditation Committee:
Its roles are:
5. Supervision, follow-up, preparation and collection of ( the programme and courses ) specification and reports.
6. Follow-up the preparation of the program self-study (SSR) and specialization as well as to visit the residents during periods of programmatic Calendar.
7. Present a periodic report about the extent of completion of Academic Accreditation requirements.
8. Supervise the preparation of exams and its modeling Answers for all courses.
9. Supervising the availability of teaching and learning for students in coordination with the committees concerned department.
Development and Quality Committee:
Its roles are:
10. Follow-up, management and development processes of quality adjustment.
11. Choose the standard reference for the program.
12. Supervision and follow-up the future development and planning plans.
13. Follow-up the current trends in the methodology and techniques of teaching.
14. Identification of training courses for the development of teaching, research and technical skills.
15. Prepare, distribute, collect and analyze the Quality and Devolvement questionnaires.

Academic Supervision Committee:

Its roles are:

1. Held on periodic supervision meeting.
2. Activate the role of the academic supervisor in directing the student for the future academic planning.
3. Prepare, distribute, collect and analyze the academic supervision questionnaires
4. Receiving and answering questions, suggestions and complaints of the students.
5. Awareness the students about the supporting services.

## Graduates and Employment Commission:

Its roles are:

1. Collect and compile personal data and means of contact with students.
2. Collect and tabulate employer's data and means of contact.

3- Prepare, distribute, collect and analyze the graduates' questionnaires.
6. Activate ways of communication with the graduates.

## Society Service Committee:

Its roles are:

1. collection and tabulation of programs and projects carried out by the teaching staff in this field.
2. Encouraging and developing the students initiative sight towards the society service.
3. Deepness the communication between the college and those who response of developmental plans in Saudi Arabia.
4. Develop practical programs to strengthen the relationship between the program and the local society and follow up their implementation.
Postgraduates and Scientific Research Committee:
Its roles are:
5. Determination, documentation and publishing the academic research data .
6. Create and update research data base and published projects by teaching staff.
7. Urge teaching staff to scientific publishing in the international scientific journals (ISI).
8. Held a list of researches for teaching staff on the website of the programme and updated it annually.
6-Prepare the periodic report of the scientific research and held the suggestions and recommendations to the college.

## Mathematics

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Study Plan

And

Description of
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| Mathematics department |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and code Prerequisite (Utilities) | Prerequisite name (Facilities) |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Practic al | Tutorial (Exercise s) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 111 | MATH | Calculus (1) | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 111 | PHYS | General Physics (1) | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 111 | CHEM | General Chemistry (1) | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 116 | EDU | Teaching techniques and Communication skills | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 117 | EDU | Fundamentals of Islamic Education | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 118 | EDU | The System and Policy of Education in KSA | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Second Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and code <br> Prerequisite (Utilities) | Prerequisit e name (Facilities) |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Practic al | Tutorial (Exercise s) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 121 | MATH | Calculus (2) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 111 | Calculus (1) |
| 122 | MATH | The Foundations of mathematics | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| 124 | MATH | Analytical Geometry (flat and stereoscopic) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |  |  |
| 123 | STAT | Principles of Statistics and Probability | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| 126 | EDU | Developmental Psychology | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | EDU 116 |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and | Prerequisit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Pract ical | Tutorial (Exercises) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 212 | Math | Calculus in several variables | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | Math 121 | Calculus (2) |
| 213 | Math | Vector analysis | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | Math 212 | Calculus (2) |
| 214 | Math | Linear algebra | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | Math 122 | The foundation s of mathemati CS |
| 216 | EDU | Psychological Health | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 217 | EDU | Principles of Educational Research | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | EDU 126 |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 18 hours |  |  |
| Fourth level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and code <br> Prerequisite (Utilities) | Prerequisite name <br> (Facilities) |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Pract ical | Tutorial (Exercises) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| * | * | University requirement | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 222 | MATH | Number Theory | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | MATH 122 | The Foundations of mathematics |
| 224 | MATH | Introduction to Differential Equations | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 212 | Calculus in several variables |
| 225 | MATH | Statics | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 213 | Vector analysis |
| 223 | STAT | Principles of the theory of probability distributions | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | STAT 123 | Principles of Statistics and Probability |
| 226 | EDU | Educational Psychology | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | EDU 126 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 18 hours |  |  |
| Fifth level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and code Prerequisite (Utilities) | Prerequisite name (Facilities) |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Pract ical | Tutorial (Exercises) | Total Credit hours |  |  |


| 311 | MATH | Numerical Analysis | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 224 | Introductio <br> n to <br> Differential <br> Equations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 312 | MATH | Real Analysis (1) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 213 | Calculus in <br> several <br> variables |
| 313 | Math | Mathematical <br> Applications | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 213 | Calculus in <br> several <br> variables |
| 314 | MATH | Mathematics Laboratory | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 316 | EDU | Management and <br> planning of educational | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| 317 | EDU | Production and electronic <br> learning resources | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |


| Sixth Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and code <br> Prerequisite (Utilities) | Prerequisi te name (Facilities) |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Practic al | Tutorial (Exercise s) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| 327 | MATH | Mathematical <br> Applications on the Computer | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | MATH 311 | Numerical Analysis |
| 322 | MATH | Group Theory | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { MATH } 222 \\ + \\ \text { MATH } 214 \end{gathered}$ | Number <br> Theory <br> linear <br> algebra |
| 323 | MATH | Introduction to Topology | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 312 | Real Analysis (1) |
| 324 | MATH | Mathematical methods | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 224 | Introduction to Differential Equations |
| 321 | EDU | Teaching strategies | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  | Rapporteur of educational |
| 322 | EDU | studies programs | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  | Rapporteur of educational |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 18 hours |  |  |
| Seventh Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and | Prerequisite |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Pract ical | Tutorial (Exercises) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| 412 | MATH | Real Analysis (2) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 312 | Real Analysis <br> (1) |
| 413 | MATH | Complex Analysis | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | MATH 312 | Real Analysis <br> (1) |
| 414 | MATH | Rings and fields | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | MATH 322 | Group Theory |
| 415 | MATH | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 324 | Mathematical methods |
| 416 | EDU | Modern trends in teaching strategies | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | EDU 326 |
| 417 | EDU | Educational Evaluation | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 18 hours |  |  |


| Eighth Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course <br> Number | Course Code | Course Name | Distribution modules |  |  |  | Number and | Prerequisite |
|  |  |  | Theoretical | Pract ical | Tutorial (Exercises) | Total Credit hours |  |  |
| 421 | MATH | Differential Geometry | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | MATH 224 | Introduction to Differential Equations |
| 425 | MATH | Functional Analysis | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { MATH } \\ 323 \end{gathered}$ | Introduction to Topology |
| 424 | MATH | Project Research | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | Complete 108 credit hours of specialization |
| 423 | STAT | Introduction to statistical inference | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { STAT } \\ 223 \end{gathered}$ | Principles of the theory of probability distributions |
| 428 | EDU | Training course(MATH) Practicum | - | - | 12 | 6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EDU } 326 \\ & \text { EDU } 416 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 18 hours |  |  |

## Summary Course Description

Scheduled Information:
Module Information
Important Notes:
For credit hours:
Each 1 lecture hour $=1$ credit hour
each 2 tutorial hours $=1$ credit hour

Model (5)

## Summary Course Description

Scheduled Information:
Module Information

| Course Name | Calculus (1) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | 111 |
| Prerequisite name and number: | ---- |
| Course level: | 1 |
| Credits: | 2 (1 lecture +2 tutorial ) |
| :Module Title | Calculus (1) |
| :Module ID | MATH 111 |
| :Prerequisite | --- |
| :Level | 1 |
| :Credit Hours (lecture + tutorial) | $2(1+2)$ |

Course description:
Module Description

|  | A general review on real numbers - inequalities - functions - functions <br> and its inverse - definition of limits - continuity - Properties of functions <br> defined on an interval- derivatives - Methods of Differentiation - critical <br> points - the maximum values of the absolute - the local maximum <br> values - the average value theory - increasing and decreasing - test of <br> first Derivative - second derivative - concavity - critical points - <br> drawing curves. |
| :--- | :--- |

Objectives of the course:
Module Aims

| 1 | To improve the basic mathematical skills which are essential for all mathematical <br> branches. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | To improve the ability of mathematical thinking and analysising to solve problems <br> - |
| 3 | To know the relationship between limits, Continuity and differentiation . |
| 4 | Knowledge of differentiation rules and its applications. |
| 5 | Develop the ability of sketching curves by using all information that have been <br> studied |
| 6 | To improve the basic mathematical skills which are essential for all mathematical <br> branches. |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge and skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Definition and types of functions. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Understand limits and their relation with continuity. |
| 3 | Understand the concept of continuity and its relation with differentiation . |
| 4 | The ability of understanding differentiation and its rules - find the derivative of <br> trigonometric functions and trigonometric inverse. |
| 5 | Use all concepts that have been studied to sketch curves - solve the application problems <br> of maximum and minimum value . |
| 6 | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| 7 | Contact her class mates. |

Course Content:

| Teaching <br> hours <br> (Hours) | Number of <br> weeks <br> (Weeks) | The list of topics <br> (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 3 | 1 | Real Numbers systems and inequalities . |
| 3 | 1 | Functions. |
| 9 | 3 | Limits. |
| 9 | 3 | Continuity. |
| 9 | 3 | Differentiation. |
| 12 | 4 | Applications of Differentiation. |
| 45 | 15 | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | The principles of calculus (1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Edition) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Kamal. E. Abdulrahman, Salih Elsanosi, Maaroof Samhan |
| Publisher | Nogom AlMaref Press |
| Publishing Year | 1422 |
| Reference (1) | Calculus with a practical application using Mathematica program |
| Author's Name | Huda Elkhurasani |
| Publisher | Dar Elzakhair |
| Publishing Year | $2005 \backslash 1426$ |
| Reference(2) | Calculus with analytic Geometry |
| Author's Name | Swokowski |
| Publisher | Olinick and Pence |
| Publishing Year | 1994 |

(Model ) 5
Summary Course Description
Module Information

| Course Name | Calculus (2) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 121 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 111 |
| Course level: | 2 |
| Credits: | 4(theoretical 3 + exercises 2) |
| Module Title: | Calculus (2) |
| Module ID: | MATH 121 |
| Prerequisit:: | MATH 111 |
| Level: | 2 |
| Credit Hours(Lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description
Course description:

## The course contain the following topics:

.Definition of Definite Integral: Using Riemannian summation and its properties, The Mean Value Theorem in the integration, The main theorem in calculus, The original function, Definition of indefinite integral.
Integration of Transcendental Functions: Integration of trigonometric functions and their inverse, definition of Exponential, Logarithmic, Hyperbolic, Hyperbolic inverse functions. Integration of Exponential, Logarithmic, Hyperbolic, Hyperbolic inverse functions.

Indefinite Integral and its Integration Methods: Integration by substitution. Integration by parts, Integration of the trigonometric functions exponents, Integration by trigonometric substitution, Integration of quadratic forms, Integration by part fractions, another substitutions.
The Indeterminate Forms: Definition of the indeterminate forms, L' hospital rule - application in the Improper Integrals.
Applications of Integration: Find Areas, Rotated surfaces, Rotated volumes and lengths of curves. Polar coordinates: Polar coordinates, Relationship between Polar and Cartesian coordinates, Curves in Polar coordinates, evaluating Areas using Polar coordinates.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course:

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Knowledge of mathematical principles and concepts which are essential to all <br> mathematical branches. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | To know the importance of integration and its applications. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | To know the concept of the indeterminate forms and their related topics. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Study the methods of finding integration and how to use the suitable one. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Study the methods of finding Areas in Polar coordinates . |

(Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge and skills and the mental process

| 1 | To know the concept of definite integration. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | The ability of finding the integration of some transcendental functions. |
| 3 | Training students to the integration methods and how to select the suitable one . |
| 4 | Study the concept The Indeterminate Forms and their related basic concepts . |
| 5 | To know the applications of the indefinite integration. |
| 6 | The ability of finding Areas by using the Polar Coordinates. |
| 7 | Introduce a micro-teaching lesson for one topic related to the school. |
| 8 | Contact her class mates. |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Definition of Definite Integral: Using Riemannian summation and its <br> properties, The Mean Value Theorem in the integration, The main <br> theorem in calculus, The original function, Definition of indefinite <br> integral. |


| 15 | 3 | Integration of Transcendental Functions: Integration of trigonometric <br> functions and their inverse, definition of Exponential, Logarithmic, <br> Hyperbolic, Hyperbolic inverse functions. Integration of Exponential, <br> Logarithmic, Hyperbolic, Hyperbolic inverse functions. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 4 | Indefinite Integral and its Integration Methods: Integration by substitution, <br> Integration by parts, Integration of the trigonometric functions <br> exponents, Integration by trigonometric substitution, Integration of <br> quadratic forms, Integration by part fractions, another substitutions. |
| 10 | 2 | The Indeterminate Forms: Definition of the indeterminate forms, L'ohbital <br> rule - application in the Improper Integrals . |
| 10 | 2 | Applications of Integration: Find Areas, Rotated surfaces, Rotated volumes <br> and lengths of curves. |
| 10 | 2 | Polar coordinates: Polar coordinates, Relationship between Polar and <br> Cartesian coordinates, Curves in Polar coordinates, evaluating Areas <br> using Polar coordinates. |
| 75 | 15 | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Principles of calculus, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Kamal Hadi Abdul Rahman and others |
| Publisher | King Saud University |
| Publishing Year | - |
| Reference (1) | Calculus with Practical Application using Mathematica program |
| Author's Name | Huda Khorasani |
| Publisher | Dar Elzakhair |
| Publishing Year | $1426 / 2005$. |
| Reference $(2)$ | Calculus with analytic Geometry |
| Author's Name | Swokowski |
| Publisher | Olinick and Pence |
| Publishing Year | 1994 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Analytical Geometry |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 124 |
|  |  |


| Name and number Prerequisite: | - |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course level: | 2 |
| Credits: | $4(3$ theoretical +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Analytic Geometry |
| Module ID: | MATH 124 |
| Prerequisite: | - |
| Level: | 2 |
| Credit Hours (Lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description

|  | The course covers the following topics: <br> The general methods of determining a point in the space: Cartesian, <br> cylindrical and Spherical coordinates. <br> Line and plane in the space: Parametric equation, Cartesian equation, study <br> of Cartesian equation of the plane. <br> General equation of second degree: Analyzing the equation of second <br> degree curves. Intersection of straight line of parametric representation with <br> the second degree curves. <br> Surfaces of second degree equations: cylinder, sphere, cone, paraboloid; <br> their general equation and definitions. |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| 1 | To know the basic concepts like: Coordinates, straight line and plane <br> equations. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Develop the skills of identifying types of coordinates. |  |
| 3 | Simplify the second degree curves equation. |  |
| 4 | Know the surfaces of second degree equations |  |
| 5 | Develop the ability to deal with problems related to analytic geometry. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | .Memorize basic concepts of Analytic Geometry |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Induce the equations of the straight line and the plane in the space . |  |
| 3 | Knowledge of how to simplify the general equation of the second degree. |  |
| 4 | Induce the equations of some surfaces of the second degree equation . |  |
| 5 | Introduce a micro-teaching lesson for one topic related to the school |  |
| 6 | Solve oral questions and share discussion and dialogues at the class |  |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | The general methods of determining a point in the space. |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | Line and plane in the space. |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | General equation of second degree. |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | . Surfaces of second degree equations |
| 75 | 15 | Total |

Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Analytic Geometry |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Abdulla J. Elsoos and Anwar J. Elnajaar |
| Publisher | ElRosid Stationary |
| Publishing Year | 1427 |
| Reference (1) | Analytic Geometry for the first years in the University |
| Author's Name | Mohamed AbdulAti Maaty |
| Publisher | Al Rushed Library |
| Publishing Year | - |
| Reference(2) | The modern foundations of Analytic Geometry |
| Author's Name | Khader Hamid Elakhder |
| Publisher | Elresalaa Institution, |
| Publishing Year | 1421 |

## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | The foundations of mathematics |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Course Number | MATH 122 |  |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | - |  |
| Course level: | 2 |  |
| Credits: | 3 (2 Lecture +2 exercises) |  |
| Module Title: | Foundations of Mathematics |  |
| Module ID: | MATH 122 |  |
| Prerequisite: | - |  |
| Level: | 2 |  |
| Credit Hours (Lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |  |

## Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Principles of mathematical logic - Methods of proof - mathematical induction.
Sets - operations onsets.
Cartesian product on Sets - The binary relations - Partitioning of Sets - Equivalence classes. Applications (functions) and the Equivalence Sets - Finite Sets - Countable Sets - The main numbers.
Homeomorphisms - Group: Definitions and examples - Rings and fields: Definitions and examples.
Polynomials - Partial fractions.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | The ability to formulate mathematics sentences. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Understand the principles of mathematical logic. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The ability to understand methods of proof and choose the most appropriate <br> one when solving mathematical problems. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Knowledge of applications (functions) - their types and properties. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Understand the basic concepts in algebra. |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Introduce a micro-teaching lesson for one topic related to the school |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

[^0]| 2 | Interested on understanding methods of mathematical proof and how to use them . |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | Understand Sets and operations on them. |  |
| 4 | Understand the concept (Relations) and study how to create and find them. |  |
| 5 | Distinguish between the types of applications (functions). |  |
| 6 | Understand the concept (the Main Number) and the equivalence Sets. |  |
| 7 | Understanding the concepts (Homomorphism, Groups and Rings). |  |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Principles of mathematical logic - Methods of proof - mathematical <br> induction. |
| 8 | 2 | Sets - operations onsets . |
| 12 | 3 | Cartesian product on Sets - The binary relations - Partitioning of <br> Sets - Equivalence classes. |
| 12 | 3 | Applications (functions) and the Equivalence Sets - Finite Sets - <br> Countable Sets - The main numbers. |
| 12 | 3 | Homeomorphisms - Group: Definitions and examples - Rings and <br> fields: Definitions and examples. |
| 8 | 2 | Polynomials - Partial fractions. |
| 60 | 15 | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | The foundations of mathematics, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Maroof Samhan, Fadwa Abu Marifa |
| Publisher | Dar Khuraiji for Publishing and Distribution |
| Publishing Year | 2006 |
| Reference (1) | Discrete Mathematics |
| Author's Name | Maroof Samhan and Ahmed Shrari |
| Publisher | Al Khuraiji Prints |
| Publishing Year | 2005 |
| Reference (2) | Classical Abstract Algebra |
| Author's Name | R. A. Dean |
| Publisher | Harper and Row.Inc. |
| Publishing Year | 1990 |

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## Summary Course Description

Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Principles of Statistics and Probability |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | STAT 123 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | - |
| Course level: | 2 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 theory + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Principles of Statistics and Probability |
| Module ID: | STAT 123 |
| Prerequisite: | - |
| Level: | 2 |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Introduction to statistics: the definition of some statistical terminology and <br> classification of data in the distribution frequency table and the most important <br> ways to represent it graphically. <br> Measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode) simple and classified data. <br> Dispersion measures: (range, contrast, and standard deviation) Simple and <br> classified data. <br> The sample space and the traditional definition of the probability of an <br> incident - axioms possibility. <br> Conditional probability and the law of independency - the independence <br> event - drawing tree - count procedures, permutations and combinations. <br> Discrete random variable and distribution of probability - mathematical <br> expectation and variance. <br> Repetition of continuous variable curve (density function) - the cumulative <br> distribution function. <br> Binomial distribution law and Poisson <br> Central Limit Theorem natural curve and spaces under the density curve - the <br> standard normal distribution table - approximation to the binomial <br> distribution of the normal distribution. <br> Correlation between two variables: (Pearson coefficient, Spearman's rank <br> correlation coefficient). <br> And some sports programs in some parts as a program scheduled SPSS, <br> EXCEL. |
| :---: | :--- |

Objectives of the course

| 1 | Identify the descriptive statistics and the basic concepts and principles. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Knowledge of basic concepts of probability and probabilistic rules. |  |
| 3 | Recognize the importance of statistics and its applications in various life issues. |  |
| 4 | Using counting procedures, permutations and combinations. |  |
| 5 | Identify some distributions. |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | . The ability to use some mathematical software used in the development of this area |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Accommodate the concept of descriptive statistics and basic principles. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Organize data and know the most important ways to display and represent <br> classification of Data. |  |
| 3 | Knowledge of the basic concepts and rules in prospect. |  |
| 4 | Recognize the count procedures, permutations and combinations. |  |
| 5 | Proficiency in the use of probability distributions for some distributions <br> tables. |  |
| 6 | Recognize the relationship between correlation and regression. |  |
| 7 | Application use some mathematical programs in some parts as a program <br> scheduled EXCEL, SPSS. |  |
| 88 | Introduce a micro-teaching lesson for one topic related to the school |  |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Introduction to statistics: the definition of some statistical <br> terminology and classification of data in the distribution frequency <br> table and the most important ways to represent it graphically. |
| 8 | 2 | Measures of central tendency (average, median, vein) simple and <br> classified data. |
| 8 | 2 | Measures of dispersion (range, contrast, and standard deviation) <br> Simple and classified data. |
| 4 | 1 | The sample space and the traditional definition of the probability <br> of an incident - axioms possibility. |
| 8 | 2 | Conditional probability and the law of the goats - the <br> independence of accidents - drawing tree - count the ways and <br> permutations and combinations. |


| 4 | 1 | Discrete random variable and distribution of probability - <br> mathematical expectation and variance. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 4 | 1 | Repetition of continuous variable curve (density function) - the <br> cumulative distribution function. |
| 4 | 1 | Binomial distribution - medium and variability law - Boison <br> distribution and variability. |
| 8 | 2 | Central Limit Theorem - the natural curve and spaces under the <br> density curve - standard normal distribution table - approximation <br> to the binomial distribution of the normal distribution. |
| 4 | 1 | Correlation between two variables: Pearson coefficient, <br> Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. |
| 60 | 15 | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Introduction to Statistics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Mohamed Sobhi Abu Saleh |
| Publisher | Dar march for publishing, printing and distribution |
| Publishing Year | 2007 |
| Reference (1) | Principles of Statistics and solution possibilities with <br> examples using Microsoft Excel |
| Author's Name | Adnan Majid Berri and d. Mahmoud Mohammed Hindi |
| Publisher | Shaqri, i library. 4 |
| Publishing Year | 1424 |
| Reference (2) | Introductory Statistics |
| Author's Name | Perm S. Mann |
| Publisher | John wiley and sons, Inc |
| Publishing Year | 2001 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Calculus in several variables |
| :--- | :--- |


| Course Number | MATH 213 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 121 |
| Course level: | 3 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Calculus in Several Variables |
| Module ID: | MATH 213 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 121 |
| Level: | 3 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): |  |

Module Description

|  | Numerical Sequences and Series: Numerical Sequences - convergence and <br> divergence Sequences - Limit of Sequences - Standard Cauchy convergence - <br> infinite numerical series - convergence and divergence series - famous series - <br> convergence tests - absolute convergence |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power Series: convergence and divergence, representation of functions by power <br> series -Taylor Series, McLaurin Series, and binomial Series. <br> Partial derivation: Functions of several variables - limits and partial derivatives - <br> chain rule - implicit differentiation - maximum and minimum values of functions <br> in two variables - Lagrange factors. <br> Multiple Integrals: double integral and its applications - double integral in polar <br> coordinates - triple integral and its applications - triple integral in cylindrical and <br> spherical coordinates - applications to find area and plane surfaces and volumes. |  |

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Studying sequences and series, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Studying functions in several variables |  |
| 3 | The ability to deductive logical development to solve problems. |  |
| 4 | The distinction between mathematical concepts in the case of variable <br> function or more. |  |
| 5 | Understanding the concept of multiple integration and triple in polar <br> coordinates, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

1 Knowledge of the concept: infinite sequences and series.
2 The ability of representing functions by power series and Taylor - Maclaurin series.
3 Knowledge of the concept: limits and continuity of functions with two and three variables.
4 Distinguish between the differentiation of function with one variable and more.
5 Understand the concept: double and triple integrals in polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 4 | Chapter 1: Numerical Sequences and Series |
| 15 | 3 | Chapter 2: Power Series |
| 20 | 4 | Chapter 3: Real Functions of Real Several Variables |
| 20 | 4 | Chapter 4: Multiple Integrals |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ |  | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
| Reference |  |  |
| Author's Name |  | Hasculus (Part III), 4th edition |
| Publisher | King Saud University |  |
| Publishing Year | - |  |
| Reference (1) | Calculus, Sixth Edition |  |
| Author's Name | Swokowski, Olinick, and Pence |  |
| Publisher | John Wiley\& Sons, New York |  |
| Publishing Year | 1994 |  |
| Reference (2) | Calculus \& Analytical Geometry |  |
| Author's Name | H. Anton |  |
| Publisher | John Wiley \& sons, New York, |  |

Publishing Year 1992
(Model ) 5

## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Vector analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 212 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 121 |
| Course level: | 4 ( 3 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Credits: | 3 |
| Module Title: | Vector Analysis |
| Module ID: | MATH 212 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 121 |
| Level: | 3 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Basic concepts of vectors: Representation of vectors in double and triple space - <br> .Vector algebra <br> Vector Calculus: normal derivatives of vectors - curves in space - limits, <br> continuity and portability calculus - calculus formula - partial differentiation - <br> $. V e c t o r ~ C a l c u l u s ~-~ g e o m e t r y ~ o f ~ d i f f e r e n t i a t i o n s . ~$ |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | Directional functions: definition of vector - functions differentiation and <br> integration - differential factor - include the convergence and divergence of <br> function (grad, div, curl) - formulas involved consistency. <br> The ribs curve coordinates: transformation of coordinates - the ribs curve <br> orthogonal coordinates - and the unit vector in the ribs curve - systems arc <br> length and volume elements - slope and spacing and turn around and influential <br> Laplace - coordinates special orthogonal systems (cylindrical coordinates - <br> spherical coordinates) <br> Integration and theories of integration: integration of the curve - integrals on a <br> curve in terms of the vector - properties of curve integration - closed curves - <br> Green theory in the plane - the independence of curve trace - the integration <br> on the surface - Gaussian theory - Stokes theorem. |
| :--- | :--- |

Module Aims

| 1 | have the ability to deal with vectors and their differentiation |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The development of student skills in how to use vectors in a straight line and <br> plane equation. |  |
| 3 | Know the generalized coordinates specially cylindrical and spherical |  |
| 4 | Understand and accommodate different types of integrations, such as <br> linear and surface, and to study the theories of integration, and training <br> students on how to apply. |  |

## Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Acquire the ability to deal with vectors and distinguish between scalar quantities and vectors. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The ability of student of how to use vectors in finding the equation of the straight line and plane. |  |
| 3 | Knowledge of the generalized coordinates and as a special case cylindrical and spherical. |  |
| 4 | Understand and accommodate different types of integrations such as linear and surface <br> studying the integration theorems and training the student in how to use them. |  |
| 5 | Account the various integration and understanding of the theories of integration and how <br> they are applied and used to calculate the various integration. |  |
| 6 | Solve more tutorials to be familiar with vector differentiation and integration methods |  |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 15 | 3 | Basic Concepts of Vectors - Find the Equations of <br> a Straight line and a Plane by many ways. |
| 15 | 3 | Vectors differentiation |


| 10 | 2 | Directional functions |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Coordinates of the curved sides |
| 25 | 5 | Integration and the Theories of Integrations: |
| 75 | 15 | Total |

## Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | سلسلة ملخصات شوم: نظريات ومسائل في تحليل المتجهات ومقدمة لتحليل الكميات الممتدة |
| :---: | :---: |
| Author's Name | د.موراى ر. شبيجل، ترجمة د. لميرة عبد الحفيظ رستم |
| Publisher | الدار الدولية للنشر والثوزيع - القاهرة - مصر (الطبعة العربية الخامسة) |
| Publishing Year | 1999 |
| Reference (1) | Schaum's Outline Series: Theories and Problems in Vector Analysis and an Introduction to the Analysis of Tensors, The Arabic $5{ }^{\text {th }}$ Edition, |
| Author's Name | Murray R. Spiegel |
| Publisher | McGraw-Hill International Book Company |
| Publishing Year | 1999 |
| Reference (2) | Schaum's Outline Series: Theories and Problems of Advanced Mathematics for Engineers and Scientists |
| Author's Name | Murray R. Spiegel |
| Publisher | Dar Al Arabi |
| Publishing Year | 1984. |
| Reference (3) | Calculus, Sixth Edition |
| Author's Name | Swokowski, Olinick, and Pence |
| Publisher | John Wiley \& Sons, New York |
| Publishing Year | 1994 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Linear Algebra |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 214 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 122 |
| Course level: | 3 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |


| Module Title: | Linear Algebra |
| :--- | :--- |
| Module ID: | MATH 214 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 122 |
| Level: | 3 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Matrices: operations on them - types of matrices - transformations classes <br> Determinants: Some simple ways to calculate properties of determinants - inverse <br> matrix - rank of a matrix. <br> Linear equations homogeneous and non- homogeneous systems and methods to <br> solve: how Gauss - Gauis-Gordan - Kramer rule. <br> Vector spaces: subspace - linear combinations of Independence and the linear <br> correlation - the foundation and the dimension of the space - matrix rank - a <br> matrix transfer basis - coordinates and change the bases - the direct combination of <br> the sub-spaces. <br> Linear transformations: the kernel and the image of the linear conversion and <br> dimension theorem - linear transformations structure and their properties - the <br> concept of symmetry between the vector spaces - linear and linear impressive <br> conversion matrix. <br> Inner product: the internal space of the beating - length of orthogonal vector - the <br> angle between orthogonal bases and complementary vertical and vertical <br> projection. <br> Eigen values and Eigen vectors: their properties - how to calculate the Eigen <br> values and Eigen vectors - square matrix - viability of the matrix of the distillation <br> - Eigen values and Eigen vectors for linear transformations and how to calculate it. |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| 1 | Knowledge of the basic concepts of matrices. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The ability to apply and develop all algebraic concepts under study. |  |
| 3 | Ability to formulate algebraic expressions and substantiated. |  |
| 4 | The ability to use the concepts of this course in resolving many issues of <br> life development. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | The use of matrices and determinants in solving systems of linear equations. |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2 | Study beaten Vector resolve issues it. |
| 3 | The study of the internal battery and the application it. |
| 4 | Accommodate the concept of linear transformations and solving applications <br> on them. |
| 5 | Understand the eigenvalues and distinctive vector solving the issues. |
| 6 | Introduce a micro-teaching lesson for one topic related to the school |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Matrices: and operations on them - the types of matrices - } \\ \text { Initial transfers classroom - the matrix in the form of } \\ \text { classroom Featured (DRI). }\end{array}$ |
| 10 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Determinants: Some simple ways to calculate properties of } \\ \text { selectors - inverse matrix - rank. }\end{array}$ |
| 10 | 3 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Linear equations homogeneous and heterogeneous systems } \\ \text { and methods to solve: how Gauss - Jaos jordan -kramer. }\end{array}$ |
| 15 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Vector spaces: subspace - linear fixtures - Independence } \\ \text { linear correlation - the foundation and the dimension of the } \\ \text { vacuum - rank matrix - basically transfer - coordinates and } \\ \text { change the foundation - the direct combination of the } \\ \text { partial spaces. } \\ \text { Linear transformations: the kernel and the image of the } \\ \text { linear conversion and dimension theorem then provide } \\ \text { linear transformations structure and their properties - the } \\ \text { concept of symmetry between the vector spaces - linear and } \\ \text { linear impressive conversion matrix. }\end{array}$ |
| 10 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Inner product: the internal space of the beating - and the } \\ \text { length of orthogonal vector - the angle between the } \\ \text { heading and foundations titer orthogonal and } \\ \text { complementary vertical and vertical projection. }\end{array}$ |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | 2 | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Characteristic values and vectors and their properties: how <br>

to calculate the characteristic values and vectors square <br>
matrix and discuss the viability of the matrix of the <br>
distillation - and finally to identify the characteristic values <br>

and vectors for moving linear and how to calculate it.\end{array}\right\}\)| Total |
| :--- |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Linear Algebra and its Applications - Second Edition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Maaroof Samhan, Ali Asheibani and Fawzi Alzukair |
| Publisher | Obeikan Publishing |
| Publishing Year | - |
| Reference (1) | Linear Algebra simplified (interpreter) |
| Author's Name | Howard Anton |
| Publisher | John Wiley \& Sons, second edition |
| Publishing Year | 1982 |
| Reference (2) | Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces |
| Author's Name | Paul Thomson |
| Publisher | Springer Verlag |
| Publishing Year |  |

(Model) 5

## Summary Course Description

## Module Information

Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Statics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 225 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 212 |
| Course level: | 4 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Statics |
| Module ID: | MATH 225 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 212 |
| Level: | 4 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description

|  | The course contain the following topics: |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | Definition of vectors - scalar product and vector product - applications on <br> vectors: use of vectors in solving some of the plane geometry issues. <br> Principles of statics - the resulted force of the connected and disconnected <br> forces - applications. <br> Plane Forces: the force of determination on the point about an axis - the <br> outcome of a set of joint forces in points (graphically and analytically) and <br> Study the equilibrium of some bodies and the joints with friction and without <br> it. Center of gravity. |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| 1 | Use the concepts of vectors and operations on them and apply them to <br> forces as one of the types of vectors. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Analyze the study and installation of force and poise terms of a rigid body or <br> group of objects with flat identify the centers of gravity of the bodies of the <br> dominant processes. |  |
| 3 | Understanding of the principles of statics, including a parallelogram rule and <br> Lamy rule. | Develop the student's ability on how to collect a set of planar forces and steric <br> convergent and non convergent. |
| 55 | the student be familiar to the concept of the center of gravity and <br> calculated using integration by taking some examples. |  |

## Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

1 ability to use vectors in solving some of the plane geometry issues.
2 It enables the student to study the analysis and installation of force's operations, the terms of rigid body or group of flat objects, with the identification of centers of gravity of objects.
3 understanding of the concept of equilibrium and how to resolve some of problems.
4 Application of the concept and the laws of center of gravity to find the weight of some of the objects and curves and space center.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Applications on Vector. |
| 15 | 3 | Planar forces. |
| 15 | 3 | Poise ideal mechanical systems. |


| 15 | 3 | Poise real mechanical systems (friction). |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Introduction poise steric forces (screw) definition. |
| 10 | 2 | Blocs center (center of gravity). |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| General mechanics (1) statics | Textbook title |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fuad Zain Arabs | Author's Name |
| Dar university salary, Beirut, Lebanon. | Publisher |
| - | Publishing Year |
| Mechanics for Engineers (1) statics | Reference (1) |
| Farooq Ahmed wire | Author's Name |
| Dar university salary, Beirut, Lebanon | Publisher |
| - | Publishing Year |
| Statics | Reference (2) |
| Amjad Ibrahim Shahatha | Author's Name |
| Dawn House Publishing and Distribution | Publisher |
| 2000 | Publishing Year |
| Basics of Statics | Reference (3) |
| Dr.. Adel Taha Younis | Author's Name |
| Rushd Library | Publisher |
| $1428 / 2007$ | Publishing Year |
| Statics | Reference (4) |
| J.L Merriam | Author's Name |
| John Wiley and Sons, Inc. | Publisher |
| 1959 | Publishing Year |

(Model 5)

## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Introduction to Ordinary Differential <br> Equations |
| :--- | :--- |


| Course Number | MATH 224 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 213 |
| Course level: | 4 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations |
| Module ID: | MATH 224 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 213 |
| Level: | 4 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description

|  | Definition of differential equations: (classified - and composition). <br> Methods of solving differential equations of the first order: <br> Methods of solving differential equations of the first order and first class: <br> separation of variables - homogeneous equations - the full differential equations <br> - equations reduced to complete using the integration factor - linear equations - <br> rates reduced to linear (Bernoulli's equation and Recartti) - applications on <br> differential equations (orthogonal tracks). <br> Differential equations of the first order and higher degree: <br> Methods of solution of linear higher orders differential equations: <br> With constant coefficients: the general solution of the homogeneous equation <br> and solving the equation using heterogeneous effective - way to change the <br> parameters. <br> Variable transactions: the Euler- Cauchy equation - solving equations manner <br> influential analysis. <br> Systems with constant coefficients of linear differential equations of the first <br> order: homogeneous and non homogeneous equation. <br> Laplace transformations: and their use in solving differential equations initial <br> conditions. |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | define the differential equation. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | distinguish between the methods of solving differential equations of the <br> first order. |  |

3 Skill development on how to solve linear higher-order differential equations. solve systems of linear differential equations with constant coefficients. solving differential equations using Laplace transformation.

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Knowledge of different ways to solve differential equations of the first <br> order and first degree. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Understand the ways of solving linear equations homogeneous and non <br> homogeneous higher-order constant and variable factors. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Distinguish between methods of solution of linear differential equations <br> homogeneous and non homogeneous equations systems. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Using the method of Laplace transformation to solve differential <br> equations. |  |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$(Subjects) <br> 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 4 | Definition of differential equations |
| 20 | 4 | Methods of solving differential equations of the first order <br> Equations |
| 15 | 3 | Linear systems of differential equations of linear higher-order Differential |
| 10 | 2 | Laplace transformation |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | $\quad$ المعادلات التفاضلية (الجزء الأول - الجزء الثاني |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Hassan Alaweida and others |
| Publisher | Rushed Library |
| Publishing Year | $1427 / 2006$ |
| Reference (1) | differential equations |
| Author's Name | Ayers francs |
| Publisher | Dar Makjroheel Publishing |
| Publishing Year | 1976 |
| Reference (2) | Advanced Mathematics for Engineers (Part II) |


| Author's Name | Abdel Muti al-Badawi |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publisher | Dar university salary |
| Publishing Year | 1421 |
| Reference (3) | Elementary Differential Equations |
| Author's Name | Earl. D.Rainvillem and Philip E.Bedient |
| Publisher | 8th edition |
| Publishing Year | 1974 |

(Model ) 5

## Summary Course Description

## Module Information

Scheduled Information:

| Course Name |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Number Theory |
| Course Number | MATH 222 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 122 |
| Course level: | 4 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Number Theory |
| Module ID: | MATH 222 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 122 |
| Level: | 4 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

The first principle and the second extrapolation of mathematics - the principle arrangement Hassan - division portability - Euclidean algorithm - primes and some properties - bijectives and their properties - linear bijectives - remainder Chinese theory - matches the non-linear solutions - Fermat's Little Theorem Euler theorem - theorem and age - some numerical functions - Pythagorean triples - some cases of Fermat's last theorem - Simplified continued fractions.

Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Use the principles of mathematical induction to proof mathematical <br> expressions. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Using scalability division and Euclidean algorithm to resolve the problems. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Matching definition linear and non-linear bijectives and resolve problems on <br> them. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Use the Pythagorean theorem to solve problems. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Give examples of continuous fractions simplified. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Learn some mathematical principles. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | use the principles of mathematical induction to proof mathematical <br> expressions. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | solve linear and non-linear bijectives. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Giving students the skills to deal with the numbers. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Giving students the knowledge of new relationships between numbers. |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Giving students the ability to communicate to stimulate mathematical <br> thinking, understand and solve mathematical problems. |  |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 12 | 3 | The first principle and the second extrapolation in math - <br> the principle arrangement Hassan. |
| 12 | 3 | Scalability division - Euclidean algorithm - primes and some <br> of their properties. |
| 12 | 3 | linear equations - bijectives and their properties - bijectives <br> linear theory - the rest of Sino matches nonlinear solutions. |
| 8 | 2 | Fermat's Little Theorem - Euler's theorem - theorem and <br> age. |
| 8 | 2 | Some numerical functions - Pythagorean triples. |
| 8 | 2 | Some cases of Fermat's last theorem - Simplified fractures. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

> الكتاب المقرر والمراجع المساندة:

| Textbook title | Introduction to number theory and its applications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Fawzi Thukair and Samhan unknown |


| Publisher | Dar al Khuraiji distribution and publishing |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publishing Year | 1431 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to Number Theory |
| Author's Name | Prof. Hassan Mustafa Alaweida |
| Publisher | Rushd Library |
| Publishing Year | 1429 |
| Reference (2) | Elementary Number theory |
| Author's Name | D. Burton |
| Publisher | Allyn and Bacon, Inc |
| Publishing Year | 1980 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Principles of probability distributions theory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | STAT 223 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | STAT 123 |
| Course level: | 4 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Principles of Probability Distributions Theory |
| Module ID: | STAT 223 |
| Prerequisite: | STAT 123 |
| Level: | 4 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

Module Description

|  | Discrete Probability: probability mass function and their properties - <br> mathematical expectation and variance, standard deviation, moment <br> generating functions of discrete distributions. |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | Continuous probability distributions: probability density function and their <br> properties - mathematical expectation and variance, standard deviation, <br> moment generating functions of the distributions related. <br> Dividend small sampling includes: chi-squared distribution - the distribution <br> of the sum of squares and the distribution of a sample taken from a normal <br> distribution of variability - the distribution or the Student t-distribution and its <br> applications - distribution and its application to infer the distribution ratio <br> Differential two independent samples of natural distribution. <br> Bilateral discrete random variables and their related properties: the expectation <br> of a random variable dual-covariance (covariance) - the correlation coefficient <br> of the random variable duo - the contrast of the total or the difference <br> between two variables - generating functions of the moments of the random <br> variable duo - mixed chipyshif. <br> Distributions of two variables: the marginal distributions and conditional joint <br> - the independence of random variables - conditional expectation. |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course
1 distingue between the generating functions of the moments of the distributions and discrete probability.
2 Accommodate binary random discrete variables related to the most important properties.
3 Identify the variables distributions.
4 distinguish between types of random samples.
5 use some mathematical software used in the development of this area.

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | separate between the generating functions of the moments of the <br> distributions and related discrete. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Knowledge of the characteristics of discrete and continuous random variables. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Understand the concept of dividend distributions and bivariate functions. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Knowledge of the types of random samples and some related concepts <br> exponential. | Application use some mathematical programs in some parts as a program <br> scheduled EXCEL, SPSS. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Incer |  |


| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Discrete Probability: probability mass function and their <br> properties - mathematical expectation and variance, standard <br> deviation, moment generating functions of discrete <br> distributions. |
| 8 | 2 | Continuous probability distributions: probability density function <br> and their properties - mathematical expectation and variance, <br> standard deviation, moment generating functions of the <br> distributions related. |
| 12 | 3 | Dividend small sampling includes: chi-squared distribution - the <br> distribution of the sum of squares and the distribution of a <br> sample taken from a normal distribution of variability - the <br> distribution or the distribution of Student and its applications - <br> distribution and its application to infer the distribution ratio <br> Differential two independent samples of natural distribution. |
| 20 | 5 | Bilateral discrete random variables and their properties related <br> to: the expectation of a random variable duo - covariance <br> (covariance) - the correlation coefficient of the random variable <br> duo - the contrast of the total or the difference between two <br> variables - generating functions of the moments of the random <br> variable. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | vistributions of two variables: the marginal distributions and <br> conditional joint - the independence of variables- conditional <br> expectation. |
| 12 | Total |  |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | probability theory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | DJalal fisherman |
| Publisher | Dar Hafez Publishing |
| Publishing Year | 1429 |
| Reference (1) | Theories and applications in basic possibilities and probability <br> distributions |
| Author's Name | Amin Ibrahim Adam |
| Publisher | King Fahd National Library |


| Publishing Year | - |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reference (2) | Statistics and Probability |
| Author's Name | Anis Ismail Kangoo |
| Publisher | Obeikan Library |
| Publishing Year | 2000 |
| Reference (3) | An Introduction to Probability and its Applications |
| Author's Name | Larson, Marx |
| Publisher | Prentice Hall |
| Publishing Year | 1985 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Mathematical Applications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 313 |
| Prerequisite name and number: | MATH 224 |
| Course level: | 5 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 tutorials) |
| Module Title: | Mathematical Applications |
| Module ID: | MATH 313 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 224 |
| Level: | 5 |
| Credit Hours(lecture + tutorial): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description:
Chapter 1: Kinematic (basic principles of movements )
Chapter 2 :movement of a particle in a straight line
Chapter 3 : movement of a particle in a plane
Part 1 : movement of a physical point in a plane using Cartesian coordinates
Part 1 : movement of a particle in a plane using Polar

Part 1 : Centripetal forces

## Chapter 4 : the plane movement of the (Rigid body)

Part 1 : the concept of moment of inertia of the rigid body
Part 1 : movement of the rigid body in a plane under the influence of a specific force

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Knowledge of basic concepts of applied mathematics and understanding of <br> Newton laws for movement and their applications |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Induce the equations of an article in a plane and how to applied it to the <br> projectiles movement |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Develop the ability of using the concept of moving on a circle and know <br> the concept of central movement by using suitable coordinates |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Definition of moment of inertia for some bodies . |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | The ability of understanding types of movements for the rigid body <br> description and analysis of the difference between the rotated movement for <br> different bodies . |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | apply Newton laws for movement on a movement of a particle in a straight <br> line and the movement of a particle in a plane, distinguish between <br> movement in 1-dimension and 2-dimensions. |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Study of Projectiles movement and their application in the life |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Distinguish between types of movements which use Cartesian coordinates or <br> Polar coordinates, Distinguish between the movement of a particle in <br> a straight line and in a circle. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Knowledge of the moment of inertia and calculating it for some special bodies <br> and other bodies |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Understanding types of movements for the rigid body and the application of <br> different types of circular Movement of the body in some problems |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Induce suitable mathematical equations for the studied statement. |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Contact her class mates to solve tutorials in a team work. |


| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 3 | Chapter 1: Kinematic ( basic principles of movements ) |
| 15 | 3 | Chapter 2 :movement of a particle in a straight line |
| 25 | 5 | Chapter 3 : movement of a particle in a plane <br> Part 1 : movement of a physical point in a plane using Cartesian coordinates <br> Part 1: movement of a particle in a plane using Polar coordinates <br> Part 1 : Centripetal traces |
| 20 | 4 | Chapter 4 : the plane movement of the (Rigid body) <br> Part 1 : the concept of moment of inertia of the rigid body <br> Part 1 : movement of the rigid body in a plane under the influence of a specific force |
| 75 | 15 |  |

:Textbook and supporting References

- Fundamentals of Dynamics science, Adil Taha Yonis, Al Roshid stationary ,1427/2005
- Principles of Dynamics , Mohammed Hilmi Mahran AL Adawi, Al Roshid stationary, 1428/2007.
- Schoum sereis : series and problems in general mechanics and its application, Moray.R .Spigil , Mc-Graw hill. INC ,1967.
- The Elements of Static and Dynamic, S. L. Loney, CAMBRIDGE AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS, Internet Archive, 1932.


## List Electronic Materials :

- www.Maktabat.mu.edu.sa
(Model ) 5


## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Numerical Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 311 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 214 |
| Course level: | 5 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Numerical Analysis |
| Module ID: | MATH 311 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 214 |
| Level: | 5 |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Error types and methods of appreciating and calculating it. <br> Numerical methods of solving nonlinear equations: Road graphs - repeated <br> bisection method - and Newton (Newton - rafsson) - static mode - cutouts <br> (tendons) - successive approximations - study and analysis of errors related to <br> these methods and discuss the convergence rates. <br> Solving systems of linear equations using: Direct methods (deletion of the <br> Gauss - Analysis LU) - indirect methods (Jacobi and Gauss -sidal) - <br> Determination of errors related to these methods - the conclusion matrices <br> repeatability and discuss the convergence of iterative methods. <br> Interpolation and approximation by polynomials: Lagrange - Newton's <br> divided differences and the front and rear with analysis of the resulting errors in <br> every way. <br> Numerical methods for calculus: numerical methods for calculus - discuss the <br> accuracy and estimation errors - numerical methods for calculating discuss <br> integration with estimation accuracy and estimation errors in each method <br> (trapezoidal way -Simpson - quadratic Gaussian). <br> Solving differential equations of the first order numerically. |
| :--- | :--- |

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

1 Knowledge of error types and methods of their account.
2 solve the nonlinear equations numerically by different ways.
3 Giving students the skill of interpolation and approximation polynomials.
4 The ability to use numerical methods for calculus.
5 Absorb the importance of resorting to the use of some numerical methods to find some integrals values and estimate the error rate.

خزجات التعليم: (الفهم والمعرفة والمهارات الذهنية والعملية)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Apply ways to solve non-linear equations, study and analysis errors <br> related to these methods and discuss the convergence rates. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Accommodating ways to solve linear equations using direct methods and <br> systems estimation errors related to these methods infer arrays <br> repeatability. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Find interpolation and approximation by polynomials with errors resulting <br> analysis. | accuracy and estimation errors. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Study of numerical methods for calculus with a discussion of estimation <br> accion | Search solutions of differential equations of the first order numerically. |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 5 | 1 | Error types and methods of appreciation and calculated. |
| 10 | 2 | Numerical methods of solving nonlinear equations: Road <br> graphs - repeated bisection method - and Newton (Newton <br> - rafsson) - static mode - cutouts (tendons) - successive <br> approximations - study and analysis of errors related to <br> these methods and discuss the convergence rates. |
| 20 | 4 | Solving systems of linear equations using: Direct methods <br> (deletion of the Gauss - Analysis LU) - indirect methods <br> (Jacobi and Jaos_sidal) - Determination of errors related to <br> these methods - the conclusion matrices repeatability and <br> discuss the convergence of iterative methods. |
| 15 | 3 | Interpolation and approximation by polynomials: Lagrange <br> - Newton's divided differences and the front and rear with <br> analysis of the resulting errors in every way. |
| 15 | 3 | Numerical methods for calculus: numerical methods for <br> calculus - discuss the accuracy and estimation errors - <br> numerical methods for calculating discuss integration with <br> estimation accuracy and estimation errors in each method |


|  |  | (Trapezoidal polygon - Simpson's way - quadratic <br> Gaussian). |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Solving differential equations of the first order numerically. |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Numerical Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Abu Bakr Ahmad |
| Publisher | Dar pen |
| Publishing Year | 1409 |
| Reference (1) | Numerical Analysis |
| Author's Name | Nasser Abdel Kader Solar |
| Publisher | Rushed Library |
| Publishing Year | 2007 |
| Reference (2) | Numerical Analysis |
| Author's Name | Mahmoud Abou El Ezz , Mohammed Salah Uddin, Metwally and <br> Fathi Abdel-Salam |
| Publisher | Rushed Library |
| Publishing Year | 1427 |
| Reference (3) | Numerical Analysis |
| Author's Name | R.L. Burden and J.D.Faires |
| Publisher | Brooks Cole Co. - 6th Edition |
| Publishing Year | 2000 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Mathematics Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH314 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | - |
| Course level: | 5 |
| Credits: | 2 (1 lecture +2 practical) |
| Module Title: | Mathematics Lab |
| Module ID: | MATH314 |
| Prerequisite: | - |


| Level: | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): | $2(1+2)$ |

## Module Description

> Introduction to Mathematica.
> Use Mathematica program: in solving algebraic equations Statistics - seconddegree equations - polynomial - matrices - complex numbers - totals and outcomes beatings - limits and calculus - drawing of lines and curves in the bilateral dimension - drawing curves in the triple dimension.
> use of scientific research and learn how to write reports using Scientific Program Work Place.
> Writing projects using latex program.

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Definition of the importance of certain sports programs and applications. |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Development skill to use some Mathematical programs in many branches <br> of mathematics and its applications. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The development of student skills in using Mathematica and applications <br> software. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | The development of student skills in ways to use the Internet for scientific <br> research and the basics of writing reports and scientific research and <br> projects. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Give an overview of work place program (Scientific Work Place) and learn <br> presentation skills and writing reports. |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Give an overview of Latex editing program and learn presentation skills <br> and report writing projects. |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Being able to use some of the mathematical programs in many branches of <br> mathematics and its applications. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The ability to use scientific research skills, diction and application. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | using mathematical work place Editor programs (Scientific Work Place). |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | mathematical silk of using Latex editor. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | The ability to deliver text as Power Point presentations. |  |


| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 3 | 1 | Introduction to Mathematica. |
| 18 | 6 | Use Mathematica program: in solving simple algebraic <br> equations - the equations of the second degree - <br> polynomial - matrices - totals and outcomes beatings - <br> limits and calculus - drawing of lines and curves in the <br> bilateral dimension - drawing curves in the triple <br> dimension. |
| 6 | 2 | search an internet procedure for writing math research <br> using Scientific Program (Scientific Work Place). |
| 18 | 6 | Writing projects using latex program. |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Essential PTC Mat lap |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Brent Maxfield, P.E. |
| Publisher | Elsevier Inc |
| Publishing Year | 2014 |
| Reference (1) | Essential Mat lap for Engineering, Science and Math |
| Author's Name | Brent Max field, P.E. |
| Publisher | Elsevier Inc |
| Publishing Year | 2009 |
| Reference (2) | More Math Into LaTeX: A Guide for Documentation and <br> Presentation |
| Author's Name | G.Gratzer |
| Publisher | Springer |
| Publishing Year | 2007 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | (1) Real Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 312 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 213 |
| Course level: | 5 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Real Analysis (1) |
| Module ID: | MATH 312 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 213 |
| Level: | 5 |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | The real numbers: natural numbers and the correct relative arrangement and |
| :--- | :--- |
| cosine Muslim groups and the innumerable. |  |
| Sequences and Convergence: convergent sequences and sequences steady, |  |
| Bulzano-Weirstras theory and standard Cauchy, partial sequences, the basic |  |
| properties of real numbers Topologia. |  |
| Continuity: end of the function, function steady, function and properties |  |
| related to Continuity, regular Continuity, compact and Continuity groups. |  |
| Differentiation: derivative of a function and properties of real derivation, mean |  |
| value theorem, L'Hospital's rule, the theory of Taylor. |  |

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

1 Gain the ability to understand the basic properties of the field of real numbers related axioms and cosine.

2 dealing with sequences and sequences convergence and divergence.

| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { understand the theory and Bulzano-firaction, standard Cauchy sequences and } \\ \text { partial open and closed and basic properties of the real Topological groups. }\end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Training students on the study limits and continuous functions and properties } \\ \text { and regular continuity, and groups of compact, communication, and the } \\ \text { derivation and properties. }\end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Know the importance of the mean value theorem and the theory and the } \\ \text { theory of L'Hospital's and Taylor. }\end{array}$ |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)
1 Understand the basic properties of the field of real numbers.
2 Understand the most important theories field of real numbers.
3 The ability to find function limits.
4 Continuity properties and regular Continuity.
5 Ends of functions and compact groups, Continuity, derivative and properties.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Real numbers |
| 25 | 5 | Sequences and convergence |
| 20 | 4 | Continuity |
| 20 | 4 | Differentiation |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Principles of Real Analysis (Part I) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Mohammed Gwaiz and Saleh al-Sanusi |
| Publisher | King Saud Press |
| Publishing Year | 2002 |
| Reference (1) | Principles of Real Analysis |
| Author's Name | Mahmoud Mohammed Kutkut |
| Publisher | Dar Mars Publishing |
| Publishing Year | 1410 |
| Reference (2) | Introduction to Real Analysis |
| Author's Name | R. Bartle and D.Sherbert |


| Publisher | John-Wiley \& Sons, New York |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publishing Year | 2000 |

(Model ) 5

## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Mathematical methods |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 324 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 224 |
| Course level: | 6 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Mathematical Methods |
| Module ID: | MATH 324 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 224 |
| Level: | 6 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Laplace transformation, its inverse and how to be used in solving differential equations.
Gamma, Beta and Bessel functions and their properties.
Orthogonal Polynomials (Legendre - Luger - Hermite).
Fourier Transformation and Integration and their Applications..

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Knowledge of Laplace transformation, its inverse and how to use in solving differential <br> equations. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Knowledge of Gamma, Beta and Bessel functions of the first and second type and their <br> properties - the orthogonal formula. |
| 3 | Studying of orthogonal polynomials (Legendre - Luger - Hermite ). |
| 4 | Knowledge of Fourier transformation - Fourier integration and its properties and <br> applications. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | The ability to find Calculus Fourier. |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

1 Identify Laplace transformation, its inverse and how to account it for some basic functions.
2 Knowledge of definitions of Gamma, Beta and Bessel functions.
3 Knowledge of some orthogonal Polynomials.
$4 \quad$ Identify Fourier transformation and integration.
5 Distinguish between mathematical concepts.
6 Contact her class mates to solve tutorials as a team work.

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Giving knowledge about solving differential equations <br> using power series methods. |
| 15 | 3 | Develop the skill to distinguish between the different <br> forms of the question Sturm- to Yeovil. |
| 15 | 3 | The distinction between the different types of functions <br> and special knowledge of their properties. |
| 15 | 2 | The deployment of some skills using orthogonal <br> polynomial functions. |
| 10 | 2 | The use of Fourier transformation to find solutions to <br> some differential equations |
| 10 | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Giving knowledge about solving differential equations <br> using power series methods. |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | Total |  |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Mathematical methods in Fourier analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Mohammed bin Abdulrahman Gwaiz |
| Publisher | Riyadh |
| Publishing Year | 1999 |
| Reference (1) | Private functions and some of its applications |
| Author's Name | Faleh al-Dossari and Muhammad Abduh |
| Publisher | Al Qussaim university |
| Publishing Year | 1431 |
| Reference $(2)$ | Differential Equations (Part I - Part II) |


| Author's Name | Prof. Hassan and others Alaweida |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publisher | Rushd Library |
| Publishing Year | $1427 / 2006$ |
| Reference (3) | Fourier Analysis and its Applications |
| Author's Name | Geral B. F Fourier Folland |
| Publisher | Pacific Grove |
| Publishing Year | 1992 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Group Theory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 322 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 214+ MATH 224 |
| Course level: | 6 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Group Theory |
| Module ID: | MATH 322 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 214+ MATH 224 |
| Level: | 6 |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Definitions and examples - group - partial group - generated group - Circular <br> group - associated groups and the theory of Lagrange - group kernell - group <br> center and centralized and orderly - equivalent classroom - honking division - <br> isomorphism and symmetry - self symmetries - honking permutations - the theory <br> Kayley- direct multiplication of factions (outer and internal) - the impact on the <br> group factions P - Silo theories - Cauchy theorem. |
| :--- | :--- |

Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understanding some of the group bases and the application. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Knowledge of the types of group and resolve issues on them. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | knowledge of homomorphism and its types. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Resolving issues on the symmetries and sequence self-computation |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Silo use theorem and its applications in the classification of group limits |

## Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

1 Giving students the skill to distinguish between groups.
2 Giving students the skill to distinguish between homomorphism types.
3 Understand some advanced algebraic concepts and solving their related issues.
4 Giving students the skill of communication and discussion to stimulate mathematical thinking in solving mathematical problems.
5 Giving students the ability to analysis and reasoning and problem-solving method.

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 5 | Basic concepts - groups - partial group- generated group - <br> cyclic group- groups and groups associated with the theory <br> of Lagrange - group kernel - group center and centralized <br> and orderly - equivalent classroom. |
| 12 | 3 | Isomorphism and symmetry - self symmetries - self <br> permutations. |
| 12 | 3 | Kayley theorem - direct multiplication of functions <br> (external and internal). |
| 16 | 4 | The impact of the group factoring P Group - theories Silo - <br> Cauchy theorem. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Introduction to Group Theory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Abdullah hungry and Judge Mohammed |
| Publisher | Rushd Library |
| Publishing Year | 1425 |
| Reference (1) | The entrance to group theory |


| Author's Name | Faleh al-Dossari and Abdul Hamid Beck |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publisher | Umm Al Qura University |
| Publishing Year | 1997 |
| Reference (2) | Topics in algebra |
| Author's Name | And Ali Fawzi Thukair Asheibani (interpreter) |
| Publisher | King Saud University |
| Publishing Year | 1995 |

(Model) 5

## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | mathematical applications on the computer |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 327 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 311 |
| Course level: | 6 |
| Credits: | 3 ( 2 lecture + 2exercises ) |
| Module Title: | Mathematical applications on the Computer |
| Module ID: | MATH 327 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 311 |
| Level: | 6 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

|  | Introduction to mathematical program Mat lab interface program. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Using the command window in Mat lab program - Definition of basic operations |  |
| - put addresses during programming - linear algebra at the command window - |  |
| drawing two-dimensional-type M-file files in MAT LAB. |  |
| Use MAT LAB software to calculate: eigenvalues - critical values of functions - |  |
| the application of numerical solutions and calculation errors (nonlinear equations - |  |
| systems of linear equations - interpolation - Numerical methods of calculus |  |
| integrals numerical - solving differential equations of the first order and three- |  |
| dimensional painting - modeling. |  |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | Definition of the importance of the Mat lab and the characteristics and <br> advantages program. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The development of student skills in the use of Mat lab program of two <br> thousand many branches of mathematics and its applications. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The development of student skills in programming modes and writing M-file <br> files. | The development of student skills in creating graphics in two- <br> dimensional and triangular control. |
| $\mathbf{y}$ |  |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| $\mathbf{1}$ | It enables students to use Mat lab program of two thousandth all <br> branches of mathematics and its applications. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | It enables the student to the application on the Mat lab software to find <br> some numerical solutions in some branches of mathematics. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | It enables the student to programming and writing documents are marked <br> as M-file. | Strents <br> control. |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 4 | 1 | Introduction to Mat lab program. |
| 24 | 6 | Use the command window in Mat lab program - Linear <br> Algebra in the window Command-drawing two- <br> dimensional -writing M-file files in MAT LAB. |
| 32 | 8 | Use MATLAB software to calculate: eigenvalues - critical <br> values of functions - the application of numerical solutions <br> and calculation errors - non-linear equations - systems of <br> linear equations - interpolation - Numerical methods of <br> calculus integrals numerical - solving differential <br> equations of the first three-and drawing Rank dimensional <br> -simulation. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Matlab for Engineers |
| :--- | :--- |


| Author's Name | Holly Moore |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publisher | Pearson Education Limited |
| Publishing Year | 2013 |
| Reference (1) | Numerical Computing with Matlab |
| Author's Name | Cleve B.Moler |
| Publisher | Siam (Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics) |
| Publishing Year | 2004 |
| Reference (2) | Mat lab an introduction with applications |
| Author's Name | Amos Gilat |
| Publisher | SI Version |
| Publishing Year | 2011 |

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## Summary Course Description

## Module Information

:Scheduled Information

| Course Name | Introduction to topology |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 323 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Course level: | 6 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Topology |
| Module ID: | MATH 323 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Level: | 6 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Topological Spaces: Definitions and examples. closure Sets - Sets of partial spaces
Rules - the limited topological product - partial rules
The metric spaces : examples - the metric problem continuous Functions: Examples - Classification of continuous functions over the topological and metric spaces - topological equivalence, Examples, Topological property.

Compact spaces: Examples, Compactness in, Compactness by the endpoint, Compactness by sequences.

Module Aims

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Define topological spaces and give examples. |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | distinguishes between open and closed groups. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Recognize the concept of equivalence topological and topological property. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Identify the continuous functions and the ability of classifying them over the <br> topological and metric spaces. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Knowledge of compactness by a point , sequences and metric spaces. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)
1 Usage of the abstract mathematical concepts
2 Improve the ability of formulating a true mathematical proofs
3 Have the ability of making a right mathematical expression
4 Have the ability of analyzing, giving the reasons and solving problems .
5 Distinguish between mathematical concepts.
6 Contact her class mates to proof tutorials' theorem .

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 2 | Topological Spaces: Definitions and examples . |
| 10 | 2 | Sets closure - Sets of partial spaces |
| 10 | 2 | Rules - the limited topological product - partial rules |
| 15 | 3 | The metric spaces : examples - the metric problem |
| 15 | 3 | Continuous Functions: Examples - Classification of <br> continuous functions over the topological and metric <br> spaces - topological Equivalence, Examples, <br> Topological property. |


| 15 | 3 | Compact spaces: Examples, Compactness in $R^{\mathrm{n}}$ <br> ,Compactness by the endpoint, Compactness by <br> sequences. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

> الكتاب المقرر والمراجع المساندة:

| Textbook title | The foundations of the year topology |
| :---: | :--- |
| Author's Name | Ahmed Allam Monsef |
| Publisher | Dar Al Zaman Publishing |
| Publishing Year | 1423 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to general topology |
| Author's Name | Ahmed Mohamed Zahran |
| Publisher | King Saud University |
| Publishing Year | - |
| Reference (2) | General Topology |
| Author's Name | Kelly. J. , Van Nostrand |
| Publisher | Princeton New Jersey |
| Publishing Year | 1955 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 415 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 313 |
| Course level: | 7 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations |
| Module ID: | MATH 415 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 313 |
| Level: | 7 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

The basic concepts of partial differential equations: the origin of partial differential equations - first order partial differential equations - second order partial differential equations and higher-order applications - partial differential equations with constant coefficients

Partial Differential Equations rating: hyperbolic equations - bonus equations - wave equation and the equation of heat spread of the Laplace equation and solved by separable variables - solve the heat equation and wave equation and Laplace equation in one dimension.

Linear partial differential equations of second order with fixed and variable transaction: methods of solving nonlinear partial differential equations from Class IIFourier series and Fourier integrals - orthogonal functions and applications of the method of Fourier.

Thermal equations and Laplace equation: Ways to solve the Laplace equation harmonic functions - equation in one and two dimensions - solution using Fourier series - Heat equation in one dimension is limited and unlimited use of the Fourier series and Fourier transformation.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Giving the student the basic concepts of partial differential equations. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Develop the student's ability to classify partial differential equations. |
| 3 | Study the methods of solving the linear partial differential equations of second order <br> with constant and variable coefficients. |
| 4 | Knowledge of methods of solving linear equation of higher orders with constant and <br> variable coefficients. |
| 5 | Knowledge of the importance of the various applications of the linear partial <br> differential equations |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)
1 understand the basic concepts in partial differential equations.
2 The ability to distinguish between the types of partial differential equations of second order.
3 Give the student the ability of analysis, give reasons and solving problems.
4 Acquire the student the skill of expression and conversation to stimulate mathematical thinking and understanding and solving mathematical problems.

| 5 | Acquire the student the ability of distinguishing between different types of partial <br> differential equations. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 7 | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| 8 | Contact her class mates and work as a team work to present course scientific research. |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$(Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 15 | 3 | The basic concepts of partial differential equations. |
| 20 | 4 | Classification of partial differential equations. |
| 20 | 4 | Linear partial differential equations of second order of <br> transactions and variable. |
| 20 | 4 | Thermal equations and Laplace equation. |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | differential equations |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Frank Ayers |
| Publisher | Dar Makjroheel Publishing - Arabic edition |
| Publishing Year | 1976 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations and Boundary Value <br> Problems |
| Author's Name | Rene Den Meyer |
| Publisher | McGraw-Hill |
| Publishing Year | - |
| Reference (2) | Partial Differential Equations: an Introduction |
| Author's Name | Walter A. Strauss |
| Publisher | John Wiley \& Sons |
| Publishing Year | 1992 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Rings and fields |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 414 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 322 |
| Course level: | 7 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Rings and Fields |
| Module ID: | MATH 414 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 322 |
| Level: | 7 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Ring, commutative Ring, Ring with the Identity- examples
Partial Ring - Ideals - Divisors Field.
Rings Identity and homomorphism - homomorphism theorems
Prime Ideals - maximum Ideals - Divisors Field
Ring of Polynomial - roots of polynomial fields on a field
Extensions of Fields - simple and limited extensions - Partitioning field - - algebraic closure of a field - principles of Galois theory.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Knowledge of the basic concepts of Rings, Homomorphism and Fields. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Understand the special theorems of Ideals and Fields. |
| 3 | Develop the ability of understanding the new algebraic structures. |
| 4 | The ability of formulating mathematical sentences skillfully. |
| 5 | Develop the ability of analyzing, give reasons and solving problems techniques |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Definition of the Rings and examples. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Definition homomorphism and examples. |
| 3 | Resolving exercises on ideals. |


| 4 | Definition of polynomials and examples. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 5 | Definition of limited Fields and solving problems of them. |
| 7 | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| 8 | Contact her class mates and work as a team work to present course scientific research. |

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Ring, commutative Ring, Ring with the Identity- examples |
| 8 | 2 | Partial Ring - Ideals - Divisors Field. |
| 8 | 2 | Rings Identity and homomorphism - homomorphism theorems |
| 8 | 2 | Prime Ideals - maximum Ideals - Divisors Field |
| 12 | 3 | Ring of Polynomial - roots of polynomial fields on a field |
| 16 | 4 | Extensions of Fields - simple and limited extensions - <br> Partitioning field - - algebraic closure of a field - principles of <br> Galois theory. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Ring theory and field extension |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Joseph Thursday |
| Publisher | Publications King Saud University |
| Publishing Year | 1998 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to the theory of rings and fields |
| Author's Name | Faleh al-Dossari |
| Publisher | Umm Al Qura University |
| ublishing Year | 1420 |
| Reference (2) | A first Course in Abstract Algebra. |
| Author's Name | J.B.Farieigh |
| Publisher | Addison-Wesley |
| Publishing Year | 1989 |

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## Summary Course Description

## Module Aims

## Objectives of the course

| Course Name | Real Analysis (2) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 412 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Course level: | 7 |
| Credits: | 4 (3 lecture +2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Real Analysis (2) |
| Module ID: | MATH 412 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Level: | 7 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

## Module Description

Riemann integration: the ability of integration using Riemannian procedure - Darbo theory and aggregates Riemannian- fundamental theorem of calculus.
Markov sequences and functions: sequences and Markov duality- regular convergence of sequences and Markov functions - power series.
Lebesgue Measurement: algebra and algebra of Sigma - external Lebesgue measuring - a measure of the Lebesgue and properties - functions measurable on the way to Lebesgue. Lebesgue Integration: definition of Integration Lebesgue theory - the theory of sequential convergence - convergence - the relationship between integration and integration of Riemann Lebesgue.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | The ability of understanding different definitions and theorems related to Riemann <br> integration. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Develop the skills of the student to study the point congruence and the normal <br> convergence. |
| 3 | Develop the skills of the student to study algebra and sigma algebra. <br> 4 Training the student to study measurable sets, Lebesgue measure and its properties. |
| 5 | Studying of simple functions and measurable functions. |
| 6 | Studying of Lebesgue Integration, convergence Theorems , the relationship between the <br> Riemann integration and Lebesgue integration |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)
1 Understand the basic concepts of Riemann integration and Darbo theorem - the main theorem in calculus

2 Study the sequences and series of functions - point convergence and normal convergence algebra and sigma algebra
3 Study of limited addition property and countable addition

4 Study the basic extension theorems - external measure - measurable sets.
5 Understand Lebesgue measure and its property - Lebesgue integration - the relation between Riemann integration and Lebesgue integration
7 Distinguish between mathematical concepts.

8 Contact her class mates as a team work to present course scientific research.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 15 | 3 | Riemann integration |
| 20 | 4 | Markov sequences and functions |
| 20 | 4 | Lebesgue Measuring |
| 20 | 4 | Lebesgue Integration |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Principles of Real Analysis (Part II) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Dr.. Saleh al-Sanusi and d. Mohammed Gwaiz |
| Publisher | Hla Press |
| Publishing Year | 1419 |
| Reference (1) | Principles of Real Analysis |
| Author's Name | Mahmoud Mohammed Kutkut |
| Publisher | Dar Mars |
| Publishing Year | 1410/1990 |
| Reference (2) | Real Analysis |
| Author's Name | H. L.Royden |


| Publisher | Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc. New York, 3rd edition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Publishing Year | 1988 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Complex Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 413 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Course level: | 7 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Complex Analysis |
| Module ID: | MATH 413 |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 312 |
| Level: | 7 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Complex numbers system: Algebra of complex numbers - Cartesian representation of complex numbers - Representation of complex numbers in the plane - The polar formula for the complex number - powers and roots of complex numbers.
Functions of complex variable: Function of a complex variable- Powers and roots of complex numbers - The limit, continuity and differentiation of the complex functions - Primary functions and linear transformations and their functional properties - Analytic and harmonic functions - Cauchy conditions - Riemann Integration for the analytical function - Simple functions (exponential, trigonometric and hyperbolic, inverse trigonometric, logarithmic and complex exponents).
Integration of complex functions: Complex integration - Traces and integration on the traces Independency of traces - Cauchy's theorem of integration and its applications - The basic theorems of Integration - Cauchy Integration formulas for derivatives - Liouville's theory.
Representation of analytic and non-analytical functions by using series: Convergence of sequences and series - Taylor's series - Laurent's series - Power series - The outliers, zeros and poles.
Cauchy's theory of residuals: Cauchy's theory of residuals and its applications in calculating real and improper integrations of functions.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Acquire the basic concepts and principles of complex analysis. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Develop the student skills in differentiation and integration of complex functions. |
| 3 | The ability of integrating complex functions using Cauchy theorem of integration. |
| 4 | Uunderstand and accommodate the representation of analytic functions by using series. |
| 5 | Training the student to calculate Taylor's series and Laurent's series for complex <br> functions. |
| 6 | Knowledge of the importance of Complex Numbers and Complex functions in some <br> natural applications. |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Acquire the basic concepts and principles of complex analysis. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Develop the student skills in calculating differentiation and integration of complex <br> functions. |
| 3 | The ability of integrating complex functions using Cauchy theorem of integration. |
| 4 | Understand and accommodate the representation of analytic functions using series. |
| 5 | Training the student to calculate Taylor's series and Laurent's series for complex functions. |
| 6 | Knowledge of the importance of Complex Numbers and Complex functions in some natural <br> applications. |
| 7 | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| 8 | Contact her class mates as a team work to solve course tutorials. |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | $\quad$ (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Complex numbers system: Algebra of complex numbers - Cartesian <br> representation of complex numbers - Representation of complex numbers in the <br> plane - The polar formula for the complex number - powers and roots of complex <br> numbers. |
| 16 | 4 | Functions of complex variable: Function of a complex variable- Powers and roots <br> of complex numbers - The limit, continuity and differentiation of the complex <br> functions - Primary functions and linear transformations and their functional <br> properties - Analytic and harmonic functions - Cauchy conditions - Riemann <br> Integration for the analytical function - Simple functions (exponential, <br> trigonometric and hyperbolic, inverse trigonometric, logarithmic and complex <br> exponents ). |
| 16 | 4 | Integration of complex functions: Complex integration - Traces and integration on <br> the traces - Independency of traces - Cauchy's theorem of integration and its <br> applications - The basic theorems of Integration - Cauchy Integration formulas <br> for derivatives - Liouville's theory. |


| 12 | 3 | Representation of analytic and non-analytical functions by using series: <br> Convergence of sequences and series - Taylor's series - Laurent's series - <br> Power series - The outliers, zeros and poles. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Cauchy's theory of residuals: Cauchy's theory of residuals and its applications in <br> calculating real and improper integrations of functions. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Principles of Complex Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Mahmoud Mohammed Kutkut |
| Publisher | Sunrise House |
| Publishing Year | 2008 |
| Reference (1) | Complex Analysis |
| Author's Name | Hassan Mustafa Alaweida |
| Publisher | Rushed Library Publishers |
| Publishing Year | 2006 |
| Reference (2) | Basics Complex Analysis |
| Author's Name | Mahmoud Abu Al Ezz and Fathi Abdel-Salam |
| Publisher | Hiraa House for Publishing and Distribution - Jeddah |
| Publishing Year | Principles of Complex Analysis |
| Reference (3) | Complex Analysis and Applications |
| Author's Name | Ruel V. Churchill \& James Brown |
| Publisher | McGraw-Hill, 5th Edition |
| Publishing Year | 1990 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Introduction to Differential Geometry |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 421 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 224 |
| Course level: | 8 |
| Credits: | 4 ( 3 lecture +2 exercises $)$ |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Differential Geometry |


| Module ID: | MATH 421 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 224 |
| Level: | 8 |
| Credit Hours (lecture + exercises): | $4(3+2)$ |

Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Study of internal and external geometry of curves in the space: Curves in the space, definition, properties, arc length, Frenet-frame, helix curve, differential Serett-Frenet formula, Some a special curves.
Study of the internal and external geometry of surfaces in 3-dimentional space.
Regular surface in the 3-dimentional space..

## Module Aims

## Objectives of the course

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understanding the Concept of the curve and the ability to find the arc <br> length of the curve. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The ability of mathematical skills in differentiating between the tangent, <br> basic normal, binormal lines and plane. Also between concepts of curvature <br> and torsion. |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The student's ability to identify the three planes (normal, osculating and the <br> rectifier) and how to take advantage in the appointment equated. |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Understand Serett-Frenet differential formulas and know their ability to <br> apply them to some of the curves like a helix curve. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Students know some famous curves associated with the space curve. |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Grasping the concept of locus of the centers of the circle of curvature the <br> sphere curvature and be able to differentiate between them. |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Develop the student's ability to deal with another concept, a surface known <br> as the first student to the basic version and basic version of the second, and <br> their significance. |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Knowledge of the student to the concept of normal curvature, Gaussian <br> curvature and medium curvature lines. |  |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

2 Studying of the tangent vectors, the basic normal line, and binormal line. and defining the concept of curvature and torsion.
3 Applying the definitions of the three planes (normal, osculating and rectifier) to find their equations.
4 Enabling students to use the Serret-Frenet Differential formulas in studying the properties of some famous curves such as the helixial curve.
5 Distinguish between the characteristics of the locus of the centers of the curvature circle and curvature sphere.
6 Understanding the concept: the surface and distinction between it and the concept of the curve -knowledge of the definitions: basic first formula (metric formula) and basic second formula.
7 Knowledge of the concept: the curve and how to find the length of the arc of the curve.
8 Distinguish between mathematical concepts.
9 Contact her class mates as a team work to make course scientific research.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 25 | 5 | Part I: Study of special geometry (internal) of curves in the <br> space: <br> Chapter 1: Curves in the space. |
| 25 | 5 | Chapter 2: Some a special curves. |
| 25 | 5 | Part II: Study of the internal and external geometry of <br> surfaces in the triple space. <br> .Chapter 3: Regular surface in the triple space |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |  |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Differential Geometry |
| :---: | :--- |
| Author's Name | Hassan Nassar Al salamy |
| Publisher | Rushd Library |
| Publishing Year | 1429/2008 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to Differential Geometry |
| Author's Name | Willmore T. J. |


| Publisher | Oxford |
| :---: | :--- |
| Publishing Year | 1959 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Introduction to Functional Analysis |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Course Number | MATH 425 |  |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | MATH 323 |  |
| Course level: | 8 |  |
| Credits: | 3 (2 lecture + 2 exercises) |  |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Functional Analysis |  |
| Module ID: | MATH 425 |  |
| Prerequisite: | MATH 323 |  |
| Level: | 8 |  |
| Credit Hours(lecture + exercises): |  |  |

## Module Description

Metric space: complete metric space - discrete Spaces - standard Space (Definition and basic properties - Convergence and completeness - Linear operators).
Banach space: The theory of Banach Han - The weak convergence - Banach algebras. Hilbert space: The space of inner product and Hilbert space - Orthogonal sets - Conjugate space over Hilbert space - Linear operators on Hilbert space.
Study some examples on: Hilbert spaces and Banach spaces - Lp spaces - the basic theories and basic inequalities.

Module Aims
Objectives of the course

| 1 | Study of the Metric space and the most fundamental concepts related to it. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Study of Banach space and most fundamental concepts related to it. |
| 3 | Knowledge of Hilbert space and the concepts related to it. |
| 4 | Training the student with many examples of Hilbert spaces and Banach spaces. |
| 5 | Knowledge of $L^{p}$ spaces, the basic theories and the basic inequalities |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)
1 Distinguish between different types of spaces.
2 Understand Banach's algebras.
3 Understand the concept of the theory of Banach Han.
4 Understand the concept of a Hilbert space and space accompanying him.
5 Training student by some examples of the different spaces.
6 Introduce students to $L^{p}$ spaces, the principals theories and inequalities.
7 Distinguish between mathematical concepts.
8 Contact her class mates as a team work to make a course scientific research.

Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 16 | 4 | Metric space: complete metric space - discrete Spaces - <br> standard Space (Definition and basic properties - <br> Convergence and completeness - Linear operators). |
| 20 | 5 | Banach space: The theory of Banach Han - The weak <br> convergence - Banach algebras. |
| 16 | 4 | Hilbert space: The space of inner product and Hilbert space <br> - Orthogonal sets - Conjugate space over Hilbert space - <br> Linear operators on Hilbert space. |
| 8 | 2 | Study some examples on: Hilbert spaces and Banach spaces <br> $-L^{p}$ spaces - the basic theories and basic inequalities. |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Functional Analysis series - first version |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Fadwa Mohammed Khamis Al-Ghamdi |
| Publisher | Safa Press |
| Publishing Year | 1430 |
| Reference (1) | Elements of Functional Analysis |
| Author's Name | I. J. Maddox |
| Publisher | Cambridge University Press |


| Publishing Year | 1970 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reference (2) | Functional Analysis |
| Author's Name | W.Rudin |
| Publisher | TATA McGraw-Hill Pup. Company LTD, New Delhi |
| Publishing Year | 1973 |

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## Summary Course Description

| Course Name | Introduction to statistical inference |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | STAT 423 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | STAT 223 |
| Course level: | 8 |
| Credits: | 3 (2 Lecture + 2 exercises) |
| Module Title: | Introduction to Statistical Inference |
| Module ID: | STAT 423 |
| Prerequisite: | STAT 223 |
| Level: | 8 |
| Credit Hours (Lecture + exercises): | $3(2+2)$ |

## Module Description

The course contain the following topics:
Random Samples Include: parameters space and sample space - the mean and variance of a sample - the distribution of the mean of a sample taken from a normal society - Law of large numbers from a statistical perspective - The central limit theorem and natural approximation to the binomial distribution.
Distributions of Functions with Random Variables.
Random Samples: The distribution of the sample mean - The large numbers law - the Central limit theorem.
Basic Principles in the Estimation Include: Unbiased estimators - Types of appreciation (by point, Appreciation by interval) - accuracy of Estimation by point (Squares average of the estimated error and the estimated variance) - Consistency - Sufficiency - The effectiveness of the estimation - Fisher Information - Kramer's Inequality - Rao and its use to obtain the unbiased estimator with a regular minimum variance - Method of moments to get an estimation - The greatest possibility method and display the properties of the greatest possibility estimator - The minor squares method - Bayz method.

Confidence Intervals which covers: Coaxial quantity and their use to find confidence intervals - The confidence interval of the mean - The difference between two means - the variance Ratio of two variances.
Tests of Hypotheses which cover: Test of hypotheses around: the mean of one society - the difference between means of two independent societies.

## Module Aims

Objectives of the course

| 1 | Knowledge of the basic concepts of statistical inference. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Knowledge of the basic information that lead to move from description to the decision- <br> making. |
| 3 | A good understanding, reading and the application of some statistical techniques in several <br> fields. |
| 4 | The ability of using estimation theorem in various practical applications. |
| 5 | Develop the ability of using some of the mathematical programs needed in this course |

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Dealing with databases and statistical analysis and applied them in the life problems. |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2 | Data analysis for the given data. |
| 3 | Find confidence intervals and testing hypothesis. |
| 4 | Estimation of society the parameters according to the samples under study. |
| 5 | Understanding the basic methods of analyzing the variance in one and tow directions. |
| 6 | Application of using some mathematical programs in some parts of this course as EXCEL, <br> SPSS. |
| 7 | Distinguish between mathematical concepts. |
| 8 | Contact her class mates. |

## Course Content

| (Hours) | (Weeks) | (Subjects) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | Random Samples Include: parameters space and sample <br> space - the mean and variance of a sample - the <br> distribution of the mean of a sample taken from a <br> normal society - Law of large numbers from a statistical <br> perspective - The central limit theorem and natural <br> approximation to the binomial distribution. |
| 8 | 2 | Distributions of Functions with Random Variables. |


| 8 | 2 | Random Samples: The distribution of the sample mean - <br> The large numbers law - the Central limit theorem. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 5 | Basic Principles in the Estimation Include: Unbiased <br> estimators - Types of appreciation (by point, <br> Appreciation by interval) - accuracy of Estimation by <br> point (Squares average of the estimated error and the <br> estimated variance) - Consistency - Sufficiency - The <br> effectiveness of the estimation - Fisher Information - <br> Kramer's Inequality - Rao and its use to obtain the unbiased <br> estimator with a regular minimum variance - Method of moments to <br> get an estimation - The greatest possibility method and display the <br> properties of the greatest possibility estimator - The minor squares <br> method - Bayz method. |
| 8 | 2 | Confidence Intervals which covers: Coaxial quantity and <br> their use to find confidence intervals - The confidence <br> interval of the mean - The difference between two <br> means - the variance - Ratio of two variances. |
| 8 | 2 | Tests of Hypotheses which cover: Test of hypotheses <br> around : the mean of one society - the difference <br> between means of two independent societies |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Total |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | Basics and methods of statistical analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author's Name | Adnan Majid Barre, and Mahmoud Hindi, Husseini |
| Publisher | Publications King Saud University |
| Publishing Year | 1998 |
| Reference (1) | Introduction to statistical methods |
| Author's Name | Sayyad Jalal and Mohammed Habib |
| Publisher | Okaz |
| Publishing Year | 1410 |
| Reference (2) | Introduction to Statistical Inference |
| Author's Name | E. S. Keeping |
| Publisher | D. Van Nostrand Company |
| Publishing Year | 1995 |

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## Summary Course Description

Module Information
Scheduled Information:

| Course Name | Research Project |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Number | MATH 424 |
| Name and number Prerequisite: | Complete 108 credit hours |
| Course level: | 8 |
| Credits: | 2 (2 Lecture + - practical) |
| Module Title: | Research Project |
| Module ID: | MATH 424 |
| Prerequisite: | Complete 108 credit hours |
| Level: | 8 |
| Credit Hours (Lecture + exercises): | $2(2+-)$ |

Module Description

|  | Determined according to the students' attended suggestions and Research <br> Project Committee acceptance |
| :--- | :--- |

Module Aims
Objectives of the course:
Students have the following skills:
1 Write a scientific proposal correctly.
2 Discussion, analysis, persuasion and flexible to accept the criticism.
3 Using mathematical and statistical programs to write scientific researches if needed.
4 Write references, appendices and abstracts correctly
5 Writing, ordering and presenting the research correctly.
6 Training students to use some sports programs when needed.

Education Outcomes: (understanding, knowledge, skills and the mental process)

| 1 | Discussion, Analysis, persuasion and flexible to accept the criticism |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2 | Knowledge of writing references, appendices and abstracts correctly. |
| 3 | Training students to dialogue, discussion and scientific presentation of the research. |
| 4 | Knowledge of writing, ordering and presenting the research correctly. |


| 5 | Write a scientific proposal from the supported programs of writing researches <br> correctly. |
| ---: | :--- |
| 6 | Training the student to use mathematical programs if needed. |
| 7 | Contact her class mates and work as a research team work |

## Course Content

| Contact <br> Hours | No. of Weeks | List of Topics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 15 | Determined according to the students' attended suggestions and <br> Research Project Committee acceptance |

:Textbook and supporting References

| Textbook title | It varies depending on the specialization chosen by the student <br> and the supervisor of the research |
| :--- | :---: |
| Author's Name | - |
| Publisher | - |
| Publishing Year | - |


[^0]:    1 Knowledge of the principles of mathematical logic.

